

EVENT CAPTURE COOKBOOK

A Supplemental Guide to the Event Capture Version 2.0 User Manual

September 2008

Department of Veterans Affairs Office of Enterprise Development Management & Financial Systems

Revision History

Initiated on 11/09/04

Date	Description (Patch # if applicable)	Project Manager	Technical Writer
11/99	Original version		
06/08/01	Updated with Graphical User Interface (GUI) – Patch EC*2.0*25		Johnny Crosskey
11/09/04	Manual updated to comply with SOP 192-352 Displaying Sensitive Data	Beverly Jones	Corinne Bailey
01/05/05	Updates with Patch EC*2.0*61		Berry Anderson
01/14/05	Updated to include changes with Patch EC*2.0*61	Beverly Jones	Berry Anderson
09/10/08	Updated to include changes with Patch EC*2.0*95 – EC FY08 Enhancements	Richard Muller	Tom Rochford, author Corinne Bailey

Revision History

Table of Contents

INTRODUCTION	1
EVENT CAPTURE - THE VISTA PERSPECTIVE	3
RECIPE FOR SETTING UP EVENT CAPTURE IN VISTA	3
1. Set up Event Capture Locations	
2. Set up DSS Units for each service that has been targeted to use Event Capture	
3. Assign Access to the DSS Unit	
4. Set up Local Categories	
5. Enter Local Procedures	
6. Create Event Code Screens	
7. Enter Data	
DATA PROCESS FLOW FOR DATA FLAGGED "SEND TO PCE"	
EVENT CAPTURE DATA FLOW DIAGRAM	
GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT SCHEDULING AND PCE	
Scheduling	
PCE	
HOW TO OBTAIN ICD-9 CODES	9
Scenario 1 - Using your Local Menu Options	9
Scenario 2 - Using the ICD Code Inquiry Option	12
REPORTS TO USE FOR DATA VALIDATION	13
Event Capture Reports	14
PIMS Reports	
OTHER METHODS OF VALIDATING WORKLOAD	19
EVENT CAPTURE - THE DSS PERSPECTIVE	21
RECIPE FOR VAMC CLINICAL SERVICES TO SET UP EVENT CAPTURE SYSTEMS (ECS) FOR DATA REPORTIN	IG -
PROVIDED BY BTSO	
Preparation	21
Actually Setting Up ECS	
Ongoing Monitoring of ECS Data Entry	
How to Use and Interpret ECS Quantities	
SETTING UP A MENU TEMPLATE	25
SETTING OF A MENU TEMPLATE	
FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS (FAQS)	35
TROUBLESHOOTING	43
EVENTS OF DEVIDE CERTIFICATION AND WELVENTSCHOOL FROM A DAMA DAMAN DEPOSIT CERTIFIC	42
EVENT CAPTURE STRENGTHS AND WEAKNESSES FROM A DATA ENTRY PERSPECTIVE	43
NEW FUNCTIONALITY RELEASED WITH PATCH EC*2.0*5	45
NEW FUNCTIONALITY RELEASED WITH PATCH EC*2.0*61	47
NEW FUNCTIONALITY RELEASED WITH PATCH EC*2.0*95	49
GLOSSARY	51

Table of Contents

Introduction

This cookbook provides the information necessary to set up Version 2.0 of the Event Capture System (ECS) from both the VistA and DSS perspectives. It should be used in conjunction with the VistA Event Capture V. 2.0 User Manual.

We gratefully acknowledge the support and participation of everyone who attended the conference calls and/or provided input and feedback during the development of this cookbook.

Introduction

2

Event Capture - the VistA Perspective

Recipe for Setting up Event Capture in VistA

Set up Event Capture by following these steps in the order listed:

- 1. Set up Event Capture Locations
 - a) Use the Location Update Location Information option.
 - b) Select the entry in the INSTITUTION file (#4) for your site.
 - c) If you are a multidivisional site, and expect to have Event Capture workload at more than one division, you will need to add each as an active location.
 - d) If you need to remove a location, use this option and select the location to remove.

 Extreme caution is advised when using this option. Removing access for locations and inactivating Event Code Screens for locations is not recommended.
- 2. Set up DSS Units for each service that has been targeted to use Event Capture
 - a) Contact each service to determine:
 - (1) Individual product tracking needs for each service
 - (2) Which DSS Units are appropriate for each service
 - (3) Which users will be entering data for Event Capture
 - b) Use the *DSS Unit Add or Update DSS Units* option to set up DSS Units for each service targeted for Event Capture.
 - c) For each DSS Unit, enter the following information:
 - (1) Name of the DSS Unit (free-text)
 - (2) Service associated with this DSS Unit (from the SERVICE/SECTION file [#49]) (pointer)
 - (3) Cost Center associated with this DSS Unit (from the COST CENTER file [#420.1]) (pointer)
 - (4) Medical Specialty associated with this DSS Unit (from the MEDICAL SPECIALTY file [#723]) (pointer)
 - (5) Unit Number identified locally at your site (free text). *Please Note: The Unit number will be considered the DCM Department and will be found in the ALBCC Spreadsheet for DCM Departments.*

- (6) Data Entry Date/Time (Default date and time for all data entry within this DSS Unit). *Please Note: Date and Time are required for data entry.*
- (7) Send to PCE (Indicator if data is going to be sent to PCE [Patient Care Encounter] for this DSS Unit). See "Data Process Flow for Data Flagged 'Send to PCE'" for implications. Choose from:
 - A Send all data
 - O Send outpatient data only
 - N Send no data to PCE

Please note: Null response to this prompt is interpreted by the software to be the same as N - Send no data to PCE.

(8) Associated Stop Code (DSS Identifier [Stop code] that most closely defines the DSS Unit) You will only be prompted for the Associated Stop Code if the DSS Unit is flagged to *not* send data to PCE.

3. Assign Access to the DSS Unit

a) Use the Access by User – Grant Access to DSS Units by User option to assign user access to the DSS Units. Please Note: You should assign the ECALLU security key, which provides access to all DSS Units, to your <u>ECS ADPAC</u> (Application Coordinator) only.

4. Set up Local Categories

a) Use the *Category – Add or Update Categories* option to set up local categories for each DSS Unit. Categories are used to group procedures. They might help in the local VistA ECS reports, but are not included in the feeder keys created for the ECS procedures sent to DSS. It is a good idea to use the *Category Report* option to review the local categories for your site. Categories can also be used for grouping things other than procedures. For example, you might want to group wards by categories.

5. Enter Local Procedures

Event Capture was released with the EC NATIONAL PROCEDURE file (#725) which contains a set of nationally defined procedures that are applicable to all sites.

- a) Use the *Procedure Add or Update Local Procedures* option to enter local procedures specific to your site's needs into the EC NATIONAL PROCEDURE file (#725). If the procedure is not on the National Procedures List, you can use your local procedure number as an interim measure, but you should request a new IP number from the Bedford Technical Services Office (BTSO). *Please Note: Each local procedure must have an associated CPT code if you are sending data to PCE. Select the CPT code that most closely describes the local procedure, even if general in nature. Local procedures are stored in the EC NATIONAL PROCEDURE file (#725) with internal entry numbers of 90,000+.*
- b) Use the *National/Local Procedure Report* option to print a list of national and local procedures. This is recommended to ensure that local procedures have been assigned the appropriate CPT code. The list can be used as a reference during data entry.

6. Create Event Code Screens

- a) Use the Event Code Screen Add or Update Event Code Screens option to associate the location, DSS Unit, procedure reason (if used), and category (if used) with a procedure. This relationship is called an Event Code Screen. Please note: The procedure you select will be either a CPT code or an entry from the EC NATIONAL PROCEDURE file (#725). You must repeat this process for each procedure under each DSS Unit. Adding procedure reasons to the Event Code Screen allows users to associate a procedure reason with a patient's procedure during data entry.
- b) Enter or edit a local synonym, default volume, or associated clinic for each Event Code Screen. (If default volume is not set to 1, this can be useful for group data.)
- c) If the DSS Unit is flagged to pass data to PCE, you must enter an associated clinic. The DSS Event Capture Extract obtains the DSS Identifier (Stop Code) information from the Associated Clinic for each Event Code Screen under that DSS Unit.
- d) If the DSS Unit is flagged NOT to send date to PCE, you must enter an associated stop code. The DSS Event Capture Extract obtains the DSS Identifier from the Associated Stop Code for each Event Code Screen under that DSS Unit. Please Note: This functionality will be released with DSS Extracts Version 3.0.
- e) Use the *Print Category and Procedure Summary (Report)* option to generate a listing of your categories and procedures to ensure that the Event Code Screens are set up properly.

7. Enter Data

- a) Use the following Event Capture Data Entry options to begin entering data:
 - (1) *Data Entry by Patient Enter/Edit Patient Procedure(s)*: Use this option to enter one or more procedures for one patient.
 - (2) *Data Entry by Procedure Batch (Same Procedure, Multiple Patients)*: Use this option to enter the same procedure for several patients.
 - (3) *Multiple Dates/Procs Multiple Dates/Multiple Procedures*: Use this option to enter multiple dates and multiple procedures for one or more patients. (Dates and procedures must be exactly the same for all patients.)

Please remember that Event Capture is a workload utility. Sites still need to make sure the procedures are documented in the medical record.

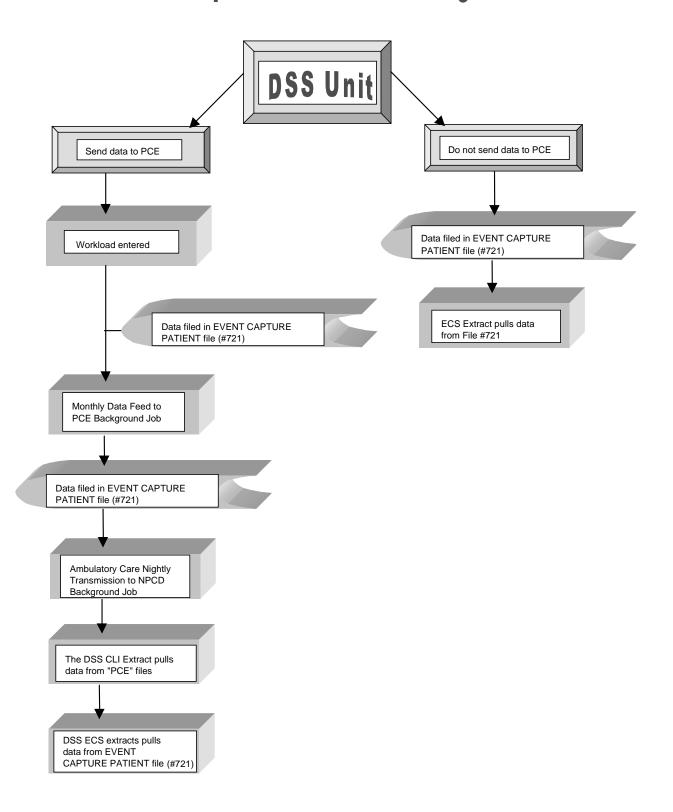
b) Use the Event Capture Reports options to generate summary reports of entered data.

Data Process Flow for Data Flagged "Send to PCE"

The following outlines the data process flow if the DSS Unit has been set up to send data to PCE.

- 1. Data is entered into Event Capture via the data entry options.
- 2. The Event Capture filer triggers an immediate data transfer to PCE in the background using TaskMan.
- 3. The *Ambulatory Care Nightly Transmission to NPCD* background job sends the data to the National Patient Care Database (NPCD).

Event Capture Data Flow Diagram



General Information about Scheduling and PCE

Scheduling

Scheduling is a VistA software module of the PIMS package that provides the tools to manage the scheduling and reporting of patients. It allows users to schedule future appointments for patients and provides the tools to check out those appointments. Before workload can be transmitted to the National Patient Care Database (NPCD) at the Austin Information Technology Center (AITC), it must be checked out. Note that the requirement for checkout does not apply to patients scheduled in a non-count clinic. Scheduling also provides the ability to generate appointment letters and appointment lists and provides a variety of management reports.

PCE

Patient Care Encounter (PCE) is a VistA software package that helps sites collect, manage, and display outpatient encounter data, including providers, procedures, and diagnostic codes. Encounter data entered via PCE is required to be checked out, the same as for Scheduling. PCE also provides the ability to enter historical data and track such things as immunizations, skin tests, and health factors.

Data entered in Event Capture can be flagged to send to PCE. This means that the data will be filed in the same files as workload entered via PCE and Scheduling. If the workload (regardless of the source) meets the criteria for transmission, it will be transmitted to the NPCD. Outpatient, as well as inpatient, workload is filed in the same files. Outpatient workload is transmitted to NPCD; inpatient is not.

It should be noted that workload to PCE comes from several areas: Lab, Radiology, and Surgery for example. While it is true that workload is passed to PCE, in reality it is stored in files maintained by the PCE and Scheduling software applications.

How to Obtain ICD-9 Codes

User responses in the following scenarios are shown as **bold and underlined**. Comments that provide helpful information are shown as **bold italics**. The symbol **RET** indicates that the user should press the RETURN or ENTER key.

Scenario 1 - Using your Local Menu Options

Use the *Ad Hoc Health Summary* submenu of the *Health Summary Menu* to access patient-specific ICD-9 codes. If you find a patient with no record of either admissions or outpatient care, you should consult with the clinical staff to determine a usable diagnosis.

Select Core Applications Option: HEALTH SUMMARY Menu

- 1 Patient Health Summary
- 2 Ad Hoc Health Summary
- 3 Range of Dates Patient Health Summary
- 4 Visit Patient Health Summary
- 5 Hospital Location Health Summary
- 6 Information Menu ...

Select Health Summary Menu Option: 2 Ad Hoc Health Summary

```
Advance Directive EM Electron Microscopy ED
CD
                                                                                                       Education
BADR Brief Adv React/All MIC LAB MICROBIOLOGY EDL Education Latest
BADR Brief Adv React/All MIC LAB MICROBIOLOGY EDL Education Latest

ADR Adv React/Allerg BMIC LAB MICROBIOLOGY BR IM Immunizations

BB BLOOD BANK LO Lab Orders OE Outpatient Encounter

BDM BRIEF DEMOGRAPHICS BLO LAB ORDERS BRIEF RXIV PHARMACY INTRAVENOU

BDC BRIEF DISCHARGES SP Surgical Pathology RXOP PHARMACY OUTPATIENT

BLO BRIEF LAB ORDERS SLT LAB TESTS SELECTED RXUD PHARMACY UNIT DOSE

MICRO BRIEF MICROBIOLOGY ADC Admission/Discharge PLA Active Problems

BS BRIEF SURGERY ADT MAS ADT HISTORY PLL All Problems

LAB CHEMISTRY & HEMATOL EADT ADT History ExpandedPLI Inactive Problems

CR Reminders Due CVF MAS CLINIC VISITS F PN PROGRESS NOTES
          Reminders Due CVF MAS CLINIC VISITS F PN PROGRESS NOTES
Reminder MaintenanceCVP MAS CLINIC VISITS P BPN PROGRESS NOTES BRIE
CM
CRS Reminders Summary DEM MAS DEMOG
                                                                               SPN Selected Prog Notes
          CLINICAL WARNINGS BDEM MAS DEMOGRAPHICS BR RI RADIOLOGY IMPRESSIO
CP
          Comp. & Pen. Exams DS MAS DISABILITIES SRI Sel Rad Impression
CN CRISIS NOTES DD Discharge Diagnosis RP Imaging Profile DEM DEMOGRAPHIC DATA DC Discharges RS Imaging Status
DCS Discharge Summary PRC MAS PROCEDURES ICD LRST SELECTED LAB TESTS
BDS Brief Disch Summary OPC MAS SURGERIES ICD C SW Social Work
          INTRAVENOUS PHARMAC TR Transfers SCD Spinal Cord Dysfunct LAB BLOOD AVAILABIL TS Treating Specialty SR Surgery Reports
IV
```

Press RETURN to continue or '^' to exit: <RET>

BT	LAB BLOOD TRANSFUSI			BSR	SURGERY REPORTS BRI
CH	Chem & Hematology	MEDB	Med Brief Report	TOM	TOM
SCLU	LABS	MEDC		UD	UNIT DOSE PHARMACY
SCL1	LAB CUMULATIVE SELE	MEDF	Med Full Report	VS	Vital Signs
SCL2	LAB CUMULATIVE SELE	MED	MEDICINE SUMMARY	SVS	VITAL SIGNS SELECTE
SCL3	LAB CUMULATIVE SELE	MHPE	MH Physical Exam	ZAL	ZALLERGIES
SCL4	LAB CUMULATIVE SELE	MI	MICROBIOLOGY		ZZ MAS ADMISSIONS/D
CY	Cytopathology	ORX	OUTPATIENT PHARMACY		

Select NEW set of COMPONENT(S): <u>DD</u> Discharge Diagnosis Enter OD for Outpatient Diagnoses or DD for Inpatient Diagnoses. In most cases, if you are an inpatient worker, and you cannot fine the code you need under DD, you will probably find it under OD.

Default Limits and Selection Items

Component Occ Time Hosp ICD Prov Selection Limit Limit Loc Text Narr Item(s)

DD Discharge Diagnosis 10 1Y

Select COMPONENT(S) to EDIT or other COMPONENT(S) to ADD: \underline{DD} You MUST enter your choice AGAIN. This step is critical to success.

Discharge Diagnosis

Discharge Diagnosis

OCCURRENCE LIMIT: 10//2 Enter the number of occurrences you want to see. For example, if 5 is entered, the software will only present the five most recent occurrences. If no limit is entered, the software will report as many occurrences as may be found within the specified time interval. You will probably only need to see the last 1 or 2.

TIME LIMIT: $1Y//\frac{6Y}{}$ This is a code describing how far back you want to search for the selected patient's data. It will be a number, followed by the letter D for days, W for weeks, M for months, or Y for years (e.g., 30D would indicate that the past 30 days' patient data should be included in the output).

HEADER NAME: <RET>

Select COMPONENT(S) to EDIT or other COMPONENT(S) to ADD: <RET>

Would you like to see Component Limits and Selection Items again? (Y/N): NO// <RET>

Select Patient: E9789 ECPATIENT, ONE 12-23-54 666999789 NO ALLIED VETERAN Enter the first initial of the last name followed by the last 4 numbers of the SSN of the patient.

Another patient(s) can be selected.

Select Patient: <a

DEVICE: HOME// <RET> UCX/TELNET

ECPATIENT, ONE 666-99-9789 DOB: 12/23/54

----- DD - Discharge Diagnosis (max 2 occurrences or 1 year) -----

11/09/97 - 11/23/97 LOS: 14

No discharge diagnosis available for this admission.

11/11/97 - 11/15/97 LOS: 4

No discharge diagnosis available for this admission.

* END *

Press <RET> to continue, ^ to exit, or select component: Entering a <RET> or ^ returns you to the "Select Patient:" prompt.

Select Patient: Entering an 'returns you to the menu. Pressing the return or enter key returns you to the list of components.

Scenario 2 - Using the ICD Code Inquiry Option

Use the *ICD Code Inquiry* option to display the description for a selected diagnosis or operation/procedure code and to determine if the specified code is inactive. You will first be asked to choose between diagnosis code or operation/procedure code. You will then be asked to enter the desired code. User responses in this scenario are shown in **bold** type.

Reports to Use for Data Validation

Use the following reports to validate data that has been entered into Event Capture.

To gain access to the Scheduling reports outlined in this section, it is suggested that you work with the MAS ADPAC at your site.

This section provides examples of several reports that can be used for data validation. With the exception of the PCE Data Summary report, you are likely to find workload *not* entered via Event Capture. As you review these reports, keep in mind the following information specific to these examples:

- 1. Workload was entered for six patients using the data entry options in Event Capture.
- 2. The DSS Unit is flagged to send to PCE.
- 3. The "Appointment Status Update" background job was generated.
- 4. Pertinent information for each patient:
 - a) These patients are outpatients and all required information was entered: ECPATIENT,ONE; ECPATIENT,TWO; ECPATIENT,THREE; ECPATIENT,FOUR.
 - b) ECPATIENT, FIVE was flagged as an inpatient in Event Capture, but really is an outpatient.
 - c) ECPATIENT, SIX is an outpatient; all required information except SC was answered.

Event Capture Reports

PCE Data Summary Report

This Event Capture report is on the Event Capture Reports menu. It can only be generated for one patient at a time. It lists the following key information, sorted by patient, which has been sent to the PCE software:

- Date and time of the procedure
- Procedure name listed in PCE
- Volume of procedures sent
- CPT and ICD-9 codes
- CPT Modifiers
- Associated clinic
- DSS ID (formerly Stop Code)
- Provider of care

ECS/PCE PATIENT SUMMARY FOR ECPATIENT, FIFTY FROM Sep 20, 1999 TO Nov 19, 1999

PROCEDURE DATE/TIME	PROCEDURE NAME SENT (VOLUME)	CPT CODE (DIAGNOSIS) PROCEDURE (CPT) MODIFIER
LOCATION	CLINIC (DSS ID)	PROVIDER
Oct 13, 1999@16:09	SW001 CASE MANAGEMENT, 15 MIN (1)	99499 (103.2) - 21 PROLONGED EVALUATION - 32 MANDATED SERVICES
LOMA LINDA VAMC	HBPC (175)	ECPROVIDER, ONE
Oct 13, 1999@16:09	90889 PREPARATION OF REPORT (1)	90889 (104.0) - 22 UNUSUAL PROCEDURAL SE
LOMA LINDA VAMC	MEDICATION REFILL CLINIC/MOD 4 (160)	ECPROVIDER, TWO

PIMS Reports

Management Report for Ambulatory Procedures

This report is on the *Scheduling Outputs* menu. It provides information on CPT procedures that have been captured through the CPT coding of outpatient visits. For use with Event Capture, you should run this report by clinic, and select the clinic(s) that you have associated with Event Capture patient procedures. Data for this report will not be generated until the *Appointment Status Update* option has run. The output is sorted by CPT code and provides the following patient information:

- Name
- Social Security Number
- Age
- Veteran/Nonveteran status
- Sex
- Date/Time of procedure (Note that the time of procedure will always be 0800)
- Totals for each CPT code

In this example, four of the six patients appear on the report. Patients ECPATIENT, FIVE and ECPATIENT, SIX do not appear because of the missing information noted above.

Provider/Diagnosis Report

This report is on the *Scheduling Outputs* menu. It sorts by Division and Outpatient Encounter Date. It also lets the user select two additional sort levels from the following:

- Provider
- Diagnosis
- Patient
- Clinic
- Stop Code

The output includes:

- Patient's name and last four of the SSN
- Encounter date and time
- Clinic name and stop code
- Provider(s)
- Diagnostic codes (ICD-9)

In this example, four of the six patients appear on the report. Patients, ECPATIENT, FIVE and ECPATIENT, SIX do not appear because of the missing information noted above.

Provider/Diagnosis Encounter Report sorted by Patient and Provider Report Date: JAN 21, 1998 Page: 1
Inclusion Dates: Jan 01, 1998 to Jan 04, 1998
Division: TROY

PATIENT	ENCOUNTER DATE	CLINIC/STOP CODE	PROVIDER	DX CODE
ECPATIENT, TWO 6789	Jan 03, 1998@08:00	PLWNEW	ECPROVIDER, ONE INTERNAL MEDICINE	401.9
1 Primary Provider entries	for ECPROVIDER, TWO			
ECPATIENT, THREE 6789	Jan 04, 1998@09:30	PLWNEW 301/GENERAL	ECPROVIDER, ONE	401.9
1 Primary Provider entries	for ECPROVIDER, THREE			
ECPATIENT, FOUR 3789	Jan 04, 1998@09:30		ECPROVIDER,ONE	401.9
1 Primary Provider entries	for ECPROVIDER, FOUR	301, 021,211	111211111	
ECPATIENT, ONE 9789	Jan 01, 1998@08:00		ECPROVIDER, ONE	401.9
1 Primary Provider entries	for ECPROVIDER, FIVE	JUL/ GENERAL	INTERNAL REDICINE	

Workload Report

This report is on the *Scheduling Outputs* menu. It provides a listing of patients who have either outpatient or inpatient activity for a specified time frame. For Event Capture usage, you should run this report to sort by Stop Code and include the Add/Edits. Event Capture workload is considered Add/Edit for purposes of this report and will appear under the 900 stop code section.

In this example, four of the six patients appear on the report. Patients ECPATIENT, FIVE and ECPATIENT, SIX do not appear because of the missing information noted above.

You will notice that this report (generated by Stop Code) lists the Stop Code of 900, because workload entered via Event Capture is considered Ancillary and is shown in the OUTPATIENT ENCOUNTER file (#409.68) as STOP CODE ADDITION type workload.

CLINIC WORKLOAD REPORT DETAILED BY DAY BY STOP CODE PERIOD COVERING: 01/01/98-01/04/98 DATE RUN ON: 01/21/98@1026										
CLINIC NAME	DATE	S	CHED	UNSCH	INPAT APPTS	OVER-	,			TOTAL PATIENTS SEEN
STOP CODE:	900									
,	01-01-98	ECPATI	ENT,O	NE	666-99	9-789	ADD/I	EDIT	TIME:	08:00
	01-03-98	ECPATI:	N/A ENT,T	N/A WO	N/A 000-45	N/A 5-6789		,	,	1 08:00:10
	01-04-98	ECPATI ECPATI			N/A 666-45 000-12		ADD/I	EDIT	TIME:	1 08:00 08:00:10
			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2	N/A	N/A	2
	Add/Edit	Total	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	4	N/A	N/A	4
Stop Code 900	Total		0	0	0	0	4	0	0	4
TO	TAL PATIEN	TS SEEN	= SC	HED +	UNSCHE	D + I	NPAT +	OVERBO	OOKS + A	DD/EDITS

CANCELLED APPTS AND NO-SHOWS ARE NOT INCLUDED IN THE ABOVE TOTALS AND ARE GIVEN FOR STATISTICAL PURPOSES ONLY.

September 2008

Appointment Management Report

This report is on the *Scheduling Outputs* menu. It prints reports that will help the site implement and manage the new appointment check in requirement. For Event Capture purposes, you should generate this report for appointments that have a status of either *checked out* or *action required*. You should specify the clinic associated with the Event Capture patient procedures when generating this report for appointments with the following statuses:

Status	Description
No action taken	Appointments for which some type of action is needed before they are checked out
Checked in	Sites may elect to check in patients (not required)
No Showed	Appointments that have been designated as no-shows
Statistics	Provides the numbers of patients that have action required and were checked out or
	were inpatients for each division
Division only statistics	Provides the numbers of patients that have action required and were checked out or
	were inpatients and can be run for one or more divisions

In the next two examples, all patients whose data was complete in Event Capture appear on the report when the reported is generated for workload with a status of Checked Out. All patients whose data is incomplete in Event Capture appear on the report when the report is generated for workload with a status of Action Required.

Appointment Management Report			Report Date: J	AN 21, 1998@11:30	Page: 1		
Dates : 01/01/98 to 01/04/98 Status : CHECKED OUT Sorted By: DIVISION, CLINIC, PATIENT			Division: TROY Clinic: PLWNEW Total: 4				
Sorted By: Division	и, спти.	ic, faithn		iotai. 4			
Patient		Encounter Date/Time	Means Test	Eligibility	Status		
ECPATIENT, TWO	6789	01/03/98@08:00		HOUSEBOUND	CHECKED OUT		
ECPATIENT, THREE	6789	01/04/98@09:30	CAT A	NON-SERVICE CONNECTED	CHECKED OUT		
ECPATIENT, FOUR	3789	01/04/98@09:30	CAT C	NON-SERVICE CONNECTED	CHECKED OUT		
ECPATIENT, ONE	9789	01/01/98@08:00	NOT REQ	SC, LESS THAN 50%	CHECKED OUT		
Appointment Management Report		Report Date:	JAN 21, 1998@11:30	Page: 1			
Dates : 01/01/98	3 to 01	/04/98		Division: TR	OY		
Status : ACTION F	REQUIRE	D	Clinic: PLWNEW				
Sorted By: DIVISION, CLINIC, PATIENT				Total: 2			
Patient		Encounter Date/Time	Means Test	Eligibility	Status		
ECPATIENT, SIX Missing: SC /	7878	01/03/98@08:00		SC, LESS THAN 50%	ACTION REQUIRED		
ECPATIENT, FIVE Missing: SC /	8888 EC /	01/01/98@10:00	NOT REQ	SC, LESS THAN 50%	ACTION REQUIRED		

Other Methods of Validating Workload

FileMan outputs can also be used to generate reports useful for data validation. It is suggested that you obtain a copy of the Data Dictionary (Standard) for the EVENT CAPTURE PATIENT file (#721). The Data Dictionary tells you what the fields are in this file and will assist you in determining what data you want to retrieve. The following is one example of a FileMan generated report.

```
Select VA FileMan Option: Print File Entries
OUTPUT FROM WHAT FILE: EVENT CAPTURE PATIENT// <RET>
SORT BY: RECORD NUMBER// DATE/TIME OF PROCEDURE
START WITH DATE/TIME OF PROCEDURE: FIRST// JAN1 (JAN 01, 1998)
GO TO DATE/TIME OF PROCEDURE: LAST// JAN4 (JAN 04, 1998@24:00:00)
 WITHIN DATE/TIME OF PROCEDURE, SORT BY: <RET>
FIRST PRINT FIELD: DATE/TIME OF PROCEDURE
THEN PRINT FIELD: PATIENT
THEN PRINT FIELD: ICD-9 CODE
THEN PRINT FIELD: PROCEDURE
   1 PROCEDURE
2 PROCEDURE REASON
CHOOSE 1-2: 1
THEN PRINT FIELD: <RET>
  ******
Heading (S/C): EVENT CAPTURE PATIENT LIST Replace
START AT PAGE: 1// <RET>
DEVICE: UCX/TELNET
                     RIGHT MARGIN: 80// <RET>
EVENT CAPTURE PATIENT LIST
                                           JAN 22,1998 09:20 PAGE
DATE/TIME OF
                                                  ICD-9
PROCEDURE
                                                  CODE
 PROCEDURE
_____
JAN 1,1998 08:00
                    ECPATIENT, ONE
                                                  401.9
PC-ANGER, 10 MIN
JAN 1,1998 10:00 ECPATIENT,TWO
                                                  401.9
 TONE DECAY TEST
                 ECPATIENT, THREE
JAN 3,1998 08:00
                                                  401.9
 PC-FEAR, 10 MIN
JAN 3,1998 08:00 ECPATIENT, FOUR
                                                  401.9
 PC-FEAR, 10 MIN
JAN 4,1998 09:30 ECPATIENT, FIVE
                                                401.9
PC-ANGER, 10 MIN
JAN 4,1998 09:30 ECPATIENT,SIX
                                                401.9
 PC-ANGER, 10 MIN
```

Event Capture – the VistA Perspective

Event Capture - the DSS Perspective

Recipe for VAMC Clinical Services to Set Up Event Capture Systems (ECS) For Data Reporting - Provided by BTSO

The following steps are designed to allow VAMC Clinical Services to set up the Event Capture System (ECS) for the reporting of their clinical workload data. The DSS BTSO has provided these steps electronically (by e-mail) to the appropriate Program Offices in VA Central Office (VACO) for dissemination to their Service Chiefs at all VAMC sites. BTSO will also provide these to the IRM Services at all VAMCs via the DSS ADP call and DSS IRM mail group on FORUM.

Contact your DSS Team for assistance with implementing, maintaining and operating the ECS software. Call the National Help Desk at 1-888-596-4357 if you or your IRM Service have questions regarding the technical implementation or operation of ECS.

Preparation

- 1. It is wise to appoint someone in your service as your <u>ECS ADPAC</u> (Automated Data Processing Application Coordinator). The Service ADPAC's job is to manage the access forms for VistA, train staff in ECS data entry, and audit the number of products per month for each ECS Department of your service to be sure all data is entered.
- 2. Ask your IRM Service which IRM person has received the training for setting up ECS at your medical center. The DSS Site Manager has full-time responsibilities for implementing and maintaining DSS data for the entire medical center. The IRM staff person trained by DSS is responsible for helping with ECS setup. Ask that *ECS-trained IRM person* for the introductory ECS CD-ROM.
- 3. Review the introductory *ECS CD-ROM* with your Service ADPAC and any other staff members who will help set up ECS in your service.
- 4. Get your service's list of <u>DSS Intermediate Products</u> from your own manual records or your VACO Program Office. The DSS Bulletin Board has the national ECS Product list for the following services:
 - Audiology and Speech Pathology Service
 - Chaplain Service
 - Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation Service
 - Social Work Service

- 5. Determine which <u>ECS Work Units</u> you want to set up to capture SSN-specific workload data. Later you will determine how you want to use these ECS Work Units in relationship to your DSS Departments. (Each DSS Department can have one or several ECS Work Units reporting to it. You will also need to help the DSS Team determine the labor, supplies, and equipment to map to each of your DSS Departments.)
 - Helpful Hint: Start with inpatient departments so that you get SSN-specific workload information for all inpatients.
- 6. Review the <u>RVUs</u> provided by your VACO Office for each product. If you have more than one provider of the same labor category offering a group product (or other product), you will need to increase the RVU for that labor category. If your group sizes vary widely between products, you will want to set the RVU for the group product carefully to represent the minutes per patient spent by the provider. For example, a 10-patient, one-hour group, would have an RVU per patient product of 6 minutes (10/60) and a 6-patient, one-hour group, would have an RVU is 10 minutes per SSN (6/60).

Actually Setting Up ECS

- 1. Ask your DSS Site Manager to have the ECS-trained IRM person work with your Service's ECS Team to set up a *training account* where you and your staff can practice with ECS Product Screens. You should also have a data input training area for your staff.
- 2. You will need to get *access to the ECS menus* for all your data input staff from the IRM staff person who supports Event Capture.
- 3. <u>Notify</u> your IRM Service and the DSS Site Manager when you have completed the first eight steps and are now ready to set up the ECS Event Code Screens in production mode.
- 4. Begin to *run ECS in a production account*.
- 5. <u>Notify</u> your DSS Team that your service's DSS Department(s) just started ECS in production.

Ongoing Monitoring of ECS Data Entry

1. You (and possibly your Service's ADPAC) and your DSS Site Manager will want to <u>monitor</u> <u>the total workload reported on ECS</u> by each of your new ECS Departments for 2 or 3 months to be sure it is reliable and consistent enough for DSS. You will also want to carefully review the data reported *per provider* to ensure its accuracy.

Please Note: It is critical that you audit the workload reports with your DSS Site Manager <u>every month</u> and take the necessary steps to get all of the ECS data entered correctly <u>before</u> data extracts are cut for DSS (i.e., before the tenth of the following month).

2. **Review the DSS reports** for your service.

Please refer to the preceding section of this Cookbook document for information about the reports you can use to validate the data.

How to Use and Interpret ECS Quantities

ECS Product Quantities for National ECS File Products and for Others – (especially PM&R).

ECS has three sources of product entities used to create Event Code Screens:

1. The National ECS file

Most National Program Offices using the ECS software are using National ECS file products, which have explicit time durations per product (such as 15 minutes); therefore, users should input appropriate quantities that are cost-relevant.

Some of these National ECS products have cross-references to CPTs from a special ECS cross-reference file so PCE Batch Entry can also be done at night. These cross-referenced CPTs are used simply for case marking for MCCR purposes. (MCCR ignores CPT quantity on the same day in the same clinic on the same patient unless the CPT code has a built-in time interval that is relevant to charging).

2. The "Local" ECS file

Local ECS products also use quantities that are related to duration described on the product.

3. The VAMC CPT file

There is a problem with National Programs which are still referencing the CPT file (#81), which contains the CPT codes, for their ECS products rather than a more cost-relevant entity (such as ICD-10 procedure entities which A&SP uses in their National ECS file). Over the next year, PM&R also plans to phase in ICD-10 procedure entities as the National ECS products (possibly as early as FY99). This would help solve the problem of a volume disparity between how MAS likes to report CPTs as encounters versus the DSS clinical user, who needs to know cost of deployed labor per time unit, because DSS is a cost system. National Rehab has provided specific time entities for their current ECS products for best costing. Most CPTs do not attempt to cost time, but rather are billing labels. It is unfortunate at this time (FY98) that the VHA has not yet developed a full cost-master of all standard healthcare intermediate products with nationally standard numbers that relate to cost, especially the duration of labor for highly trained professional providers. The Lab LMIP; the ECS National products; the Surgery 15 minute Nurse, Surgeon and Anesthetist's products do that, but many other Services are using only CPTs to try to have some cost meaning as they also provide them to HAS for encounter labels for billing. That is mixing two critically different purposes/functions with somewhat unhappy results whichever method is followed.

DSS needs specific durations of time and quantities of these duration labor products for accurate costing. This is a primary concern if VHA wants reliable costs. The new APG (Ambulatory Care Grouper) from 3M/HCFA in test now on NPCD data at AAC for Nancy Wilson and DSS, would appear to take care of any problems in PCE/NPCD CPT code entries with quantities greater than one, (which currently MAS advises not to use) for the same SSN/same clinic/same day by creating only one APG for the encounter (one per SSN/production unit - clinic/day). The long-term answer is for Rehab to continue to move to National ECS codes so the use of CPT as a cost product is replaced by a better, more specific cost product for Rehab-Services (ICD-10 procedure entities).

24

Setting up a Menu Template

Some sites have expressed a desire to enter Progress Notes for the same patients that they are entering into Event Capture. There are a couple of ways to accomplish this.

- Evoke each menu option within Event Capture and Text Integration Utility (TIU) independently
- Use a Menu Template (a shortcut path from one option to another)

This section of the cookbook explains generically the steps you can go through to create a Menu Template. Because Menu Templates take you through several menu paths, you will need to do the following *before* the template(s) will work.

- If any of the options you will be evoking through your Menu Template have a security key, you must have the appropriate security key(s) assigned to you. (Event Capture menus require the ECALLU Security Key).
- Have the menus you will be evoking through your menu template assigned to you as secondary menu options in addition to being on your Primary Menu. Your IRM Service can assist with the assignment of the security keys and menu options.

Example

Please note that your menu options are likely to be quite different from those shown in this example. It shows you *all* of the steps you will go through to set up a Menu Template. This example assumes that you want to Enter/Edit Patient Procedures (Event Capture option), then enter a Progress Note (TIU option name: Enter of Progress Note).

User responses in this example are shown as **bolded and underlined**. There is also a sample of what you will see once the Menu Template is created and is actually being used. Comments to help you see where you are in this example (and what the steps mean) are shown as **bold italics**.

If you experience difficulty setting up this template, please do the following:

- Contact the National Help Desk at 1-888-596-4357.
- Ask the person who answers the phone to log a NOIS for the Event Capture module.
- Explain that you are trying to set up a Menu Template and are having problems.
- For assistance with the TIU options, please see the Clinical Coordinator or TIU Coordinator at your facility.

A copy of these instructions will be provided to the Customer Support staff for Event Capture as well as to the BTSO Help Desk.

```
Good afternoon ECUSER, ONE
    You last signed on today at 12:50
         Event Capture Menu ...
  TIU
         Progress Notes User Menu ...
         Progress Notes/Discharge Summary [TIU] ...
Select LOCAL MENU FOR TRAINING Option: TBOX User's Toolbox
          Display User Characteristics
          Edit User Characteristics
          Electronic Signature code Edit
          Menu Templates ...
          Spooler Menu ...
          Switch UCI
          TaskMan User
          User Help
Select User's Toolbox Option: MENU Templates
          Create a new menu template
          Delete a Menu Template
          List all Menu Templates
          Rename a menu template
          Show all options in a Menu Template
Select Menu Templates Option: CREATE a new menu template
Do you want some brief instructions? [Y/N] N// Y
```

Creating a Menu Template

A menu template is a set of menu options that can be called at any menu prompt. This list of options will be executed from the top of the list to the bottom and then the user will be asked if he/she wants to execute that set of options again. Each menu template is stored in the person file with a unique name associated with it. A menu template is evoked by typing a left, square bracket followed by the template name.

To create a menu template you will be led step-by-step through your menu trees, selecting an option from each menu presented. No jumping is allowed during the creation of a template because how you got there may be as important as the target option. All templates begin execution with your primary (sign-on) menu.

At the "Select...Option" prompt you may respond by typing:

- 1. An option from the menu presented to include that option in the template you are creating,
- 2. '?' to get a brief help message,
- 3. '??' to get this help message again,
- 4. '+' to store the template in your Person file, or
- 5. '^' to abandon the creation process and return to the regular menu system.

Select HELP SYSTEM action or <return>: <RET>

CREATING A MENU TEMPLATE

Choose an option, type RETURN to back up one level, '+' to store the completed template, or '^' to quit.

Once you've reviewed the help text for creating a menu template, you will see your Primary Menu displayed.

```
ECS Event Capture Menu ...

TIU Progress Notes User Menu ...

Progress Notes/Discharge Summary [TIU] ...
```

Choose one of the LOCAL MENU FOR TRAINING Options: <u>ECS</u> Event Capture Menu. Begin by selecting the first menu option in the patch. Remember that to get to the Enter/Edit Patient Procedures menu (in this example), you have to go through the menu path.

Event Capture Menu (ECMENU) This one? [Y/N] Y// Y

CREATING A MENU TEMPLATE This is displayed throughout this process and lets you see where you are.

Choose an option, type RETURN to back up one level, '+' to store the completed template, or '^' to quit.

```
MGR Event Capture Management Menu ...

E Event Capture Data Entry ...
```

- R Event Capture Reports ...
- O Event Capture Online Documentation

Choose one of the Event Capture Menu Options: $\underline{\mathbf{E}}$ Event Capture Data Entry This is the submenu to get the Enter/Edit Patient Procedures option.

Event Capture Data Entry (ECENTER) This one? [Y/N] Y// $\underline{\mathbf{Y}}$

CREATING A MENU TEMPLATE

Choose an option, type RETURN to back up one level, '+' to store the completed template, or '^' to quit.

Enter/Edit Patient Procedures
Batch Enter Data by Patient
Data Entry (Batch) by Procedure
Multiple Dates/Multiple Procedures Data Entry

Choose one of the Event Capture Data Entry Options: <u>ENTER/Edit</u> Patient Procedures Now you select the Enter/Edit Patient Procedures option. This example assumes that this is the only menu option you wish to execute in Event Capture.

Enter/Edit Patient Procedures (ECPAT) This one? [Y/N] Y// Y

CREATING A MENU TEMPLATE

Choose an option, type RETURN to back up one level, '+' to store the completed template, or '^' to quit.

Enter a return here to go up a level. Your goal is to get back to the display of your Primary Menu option.

Enter/Edit Patient Procedures
Batch Enter Data by Patient
Data Entry (Batch) by Procedure
Multiple Dates/Multiple Procedures Data Entry

Choose one of the Event Capture Data Entry Options: <RET>

CREATING A MENU TEMPLATE

Choose an option, type RETURN to back up one level, '+' to store the completed template, or '^' to quit. <RET>
Entered a return to continue to go up a level.

Enter/Edit Patient Procedures
Batch Enter Data by Patient
Data Entry (Batch) by Procedure
Multiple Dates/Multiple Procedures Data Entry

Choose one of the Event Capture Data Entry Options: <RET>

CREATING A MENU TEMPLATE

Choose an option, type RETURN to back up one level, '+' to store the completed template, or '^' to quit. <RET>
Entered a return to continue to go up a level.

```
MGR Event Capture Management Menu ...
```

- E Event Capture Data Entry ...
- R Event Capture Reports ...
- O Event Capture Online Documentation

Choose one of the Event Capture Menu Options: <RET>

CREATING A MENU TEMPLATE

Choose an option, type RETURN to back up one level, '+' to store the completed template, or '^' to quit.

Entered a return to get to this display. Okay, now we're back to the display of your Primary Menu option. Next, you want to select the TIU option. The final menu that you will execute in TIU is the Entry of Progress Note option.

```
ECS Event Capture Menu ...

TIU Progress Notes User Menu ...

Progress Notes/Discharge Summary [TIU] ...
```

Choose one of the LOCAL MENU FOR TRAINING Options: $\underline{\textbf{TIU}} \hspace{0.5cm} \text{PROGRESS}$ NOTES/Discharge Summary

Progress Notes/Discharge Summary [TIU] (TIU MAIN MENU CLINICIAN) This one? [Y/N] Y// $\underline{\mathbf{Y}}$

CREATING A MENU TEMPLATE

Choose an option, type RETURN to back up one level, '+' to store the completed template, or '^' to quit.

- 1 Progress Notes User Menu ...
- Discharge Summary User Menu ...
- 3 Integrated Document Management ...
- 4 Personal Preferences ...

Choose one of the Progress Notes/Discharge Summary [TIU] Options: $\underline{1}$ Progress Notes User Menu. This is the menu path you must take to get to the Entry of Progress Notes option.

Progress Notes User Menu (TIU MAIN MENU PN CLINICIAN) This one? [Y/N] Y// Y

CREATING A MENU TEMPLATE

Choose an option, type RETURN to back up one level, '+' to store the completed template, or '^' to quit.

- 1 Entry of Progress Note
- 2 Review Progress Notes by Patient
- 2b Review Progress Notes
- 3 All MY UNSIGNED Progress Notes
- 4 Show Progress Notes Across Patients
- 5 Progress Notes Print Options ...
- 6 List Notes By Title
- 7 Search by Patient AND Title
- 8 Personal Preferences ...

Choose one of the Progress Notes User Menu Options: $\underline{1}$ Entry of Progress Note This is the option that you want to execute.

Entry of Progress Note (TIU ENTER/EDIT PN) This one? [Y/N] Y// $\underline{\mathbf{Y}}$

CREATING A MENU TEMPLATE

Choose an option, type RETURN to back up one level, '+' to store the completed template, or '^' to quit.

- 1 Entry of Progress Note
- 2 Review Progress Notes by Patient
- 2b Review Progress Notes
- 3 All MY UNSIGNED Progress Notes
- 4 Show Progress Notes Across Patients
- 5 Progress Notes Print Options ...
- 6 List Notes By Title
- 7 Search by Patient AND Title
- 8 Personal Preferences ...

Choose one of the Progress Notes User Menu Options: $\underline{+}$ Since you've finished putting the desired options in my Menu Template, you enter a plus sign. This will store the Menu Template for future use.

You have chosen the following options in this order:

You will note that all the options and menus are displayed. This is just to show you what options you selected on your journey through the Menu Template.

```
LOCAL MENU FOR TRAINING (LOCAL MENU)
```

Event Capture Menu (ECMENU)

Event Capture Data Entry (ECENTER)

Enter/Edit Patient Procedures (ECPAT)

Event Capture Data Entry (ECENTER)

Event Capture Menu (ECMENU)

LOCAL MENU FOR TRAINING (LOCAL MENU)

Progress Notes/Discharge Summary [TIU] (TIU MAIN MENU CLINICIAN)

Progress Notes User Menu (TIU MAIN MENU PN CLINICIAN)

Entry of Progress Note (TIU ENTER/EDIT PN)

Are we in agreement so far? [Y/N] Y// Y

Fine. Since all menu-type options will be processed in the background you will only be asked to respond to the following:

This means that even though you selected all those options and menus in the setting up of the Menu Template, these are the only two options that you will be seeing once you select your Menu Template.

```
Enter/Edit Patient Procedures (ECPAT)
Entry of Progress Note (TIU ENTER/EDIT PN)
```

Are these the functions you want when you invoke this template? [Y/N] Y// Y

```
Enter a name (6 characters or less in UPPER CASE)
    for this template or '^' to quit: TEST
```

'TEST' it is. In the future you will start this template by typing '[TEST'

After you have finished using 'TEST' will you want it to repeat? $[Y/N] N// \underline{Y}$ This means that after you've entered a Progress Note (in this example), you can continue on using the Menu Template. You would be taken to the Enter/Edit Patient Procedures option in Event Capture.

```
ECS Event Capture Menu ...

TIU Progress Notes User Menu ...

Progress Notes/Discharge Summary [TIU] ...
```

Select LOCAL MENU FOR TRAINING Option: [TEST] Here's an example of how the Menu Template will work. Don't forget the left bracket!

Loading TEST...

Enter/Edit Patient Procedures Notice that it takes you to the Enter/Edit Patient Procedures option. You can proceed to enter the Event Capture date for this patient.

Event Capture Locations:

- 1. ALBANY
- 2. ALBANY OPC
- 3. HONOLULU OC, HI
- 4. MURFREESBORO, TN
- 5. TROY

Select Number: 1

Select DSS Unit: FRIDAY M010

Location: ALBANY DSS Unit: FRIDAY

Select Patient: **ECPATIENT, ONE** 09-02-95 666999789 YES SC

VETERAN SMB SMB

Enter Date and Time of Procedure: NOW// <RET> (JAN 20, 1998@12:52)

This patient is an Outpatient

92546 SINUSOIDAL VERTICAL AXIS ROTATION (#SP067)

Procedure: 92546 SINUSOIDAL VERTICAL AXIS ROTATION (#SP067)

ENTERING A NEW PROCEDURE FOR ECPATIENT, ONE ...

LOCATION: ALBANY
SERVICE: MEDICINE
SECTION: MEDICINE
CATEGORY: FRI-ONE

PROCEDURE: 92546 SINUSOIDAL VERTICAL AXIS ROTATION (#SP067)

Modifier: 22 UNUSUAL PROCEDURAL SERVICES

Modifier: <RET>
VOLUME: 1// <RET>

ORDERING SECTION: MEDICINE// <RET>

ICD-9 CODE: 401.9 HYPERTENSION NOS

...OK? Yes// **<RET>** (Yes)

IN/OUTPATIENT: O OUTPATIENT ASSOCIATED CLINIC: TEST

--- Classification --- [Required] Was treatment for SC Condition? NO

Was treatment related to Combat? NO

Was treatment related to Agent Orange Exposure? NO

Was treatment related to Ionizing Radiation Exposure? NO

Was treatment related to Environmental Contaminant Exposure? NO

Was treatment related to Military Sexual Trauma? $\underline{\mathbf{Y}}\text{ES}$ Was treatment related to Head and/or Neck Cancer? $\mathbf{N}\text{O}$

Provider: ECPROVIDER, ONE PLT 162 COMPUTER SPECIALIST

Occupation: Physician Assistant

Provider #2: <RET>

Location: ALBANY Service: MEDICINE Section: MEDICINE DSS Unit: FRIDAY

Patient: ECPATIENT, ONE Procedure Date: Jan 20, 1998@12:52

1. Category: FRI-ONE ECPROVIDER, 0

Procedure: 92546 SINUSOIDAL VERTICAL AXIS ROTATION (1) MEDICINE

Modifier: - 22 UNUSUAL PROCEDURAL SERVICES

Select a number to edit/delete, or enter N to create a New Procedure:

Location: ALBANY Service: MEDICINE Section: MEDICINE DSS Unit: FRIDAY

Select Patient:

Once the data has been entered in Event Capture, you are taken to the option that allows you to Enter a Progress Note (Entry of Progress Note option) in TIU.

--- Clinician's Menu ---

--- Clinician's Progress Notes Menu ---

Entry of Progress Note

Select PATIENT NAME: **ECPATIENT,ONE** 09-02-95 666999789 YES

SC VETERAN SMB SMB

TITLE: CRISIS NOTE TITLE

Creating new progress note...

Patient Location: SURGERY

Date/time of Admission: 06/24/97 13:10

Date/time of Note: NOW

Author of Note: ECPROVIDER, ONE

...OK? YES//

Calling text editor, please wait...

1>TESTING ECS AND TIU USE VIA MENU TEMPLATES

2><**RET>**

EDIT Option: <RET>

Saving CRISIS NOTE with changes... Print this note? No// <RET> NO

You may enter another Progress Note. Press RETURN to exit.

Select PATIENT NAME: <RET>

Again? Y// \underline{Y} If you type a YES here, you will go back to the Event Capture option. If you type a NO here, you will be exited from the Menu Template.

Setting up a Menu Template

Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs)

Question	Answer
Why do I need Count and Non-Count Clinics?	If MAS schedules appointments into the same clinic that is used by Event Capture, and if both are Count clinics, duplicate workload is created in DSS (a null record and an ECS record). Duplicate workload means that there are two encounters created for the same patient, for the same day, for the same clinic. To prevent this, follow these guidelines:
	Use the Set up a Clinic option in the Scheduling software to create a non-count clinic with the appropriate DSS Stop and Credit pairs. It should be clearly identified (e.g., Social Work - NC). A non-count clinic is defined as one for which there is no workload credited. MAS makes appointments in this non-count clinic. MAS will be able to print preappointment letters and appointment lists.
	2. Create a count clinic with the same DSS Stop/Credit pair. A count clinic is defined as one for which workload entered is credited. It should be clearly identified in the name to differentiate it from the non-count clinic (e.g., Social Work - C). Associate this clinic with the Event Code Screen and DSS Unit. This is the clinic that Event Capture will use to pass the workload to PCE. By passing data from Event Capture to PCE, you will also be sending the workload to the Austin Information Technology Center (AITC), where it is filed in the NPCD.
	3. If, when selecting the associated clinic, you are told 'Access Prohibited to this clinic', it means that only certain individuals may access the clinic. You should work with MAS to request access to the clinic.
	4. If MAS does not schedule appointments for these patients, follow Step 2 only.
	5. Coordinate and review the above with those who use Event Capture as well as with Scheduling and MAS staff.

Question	Answer				
What data elements are required to send	PCE requires the following data elements:				
data to PCE?	Date and time of procedure				
	Patient name and SSN				
	Classification questions responses				
	Procedure (CPT code)				
	Diagnosis (ICD-9) code				
	All of these are prompted in the Event Capture data entry options. Classification questions are answered as they relate to that encounter. For example if the patient were being treated for his Service Connected Condition, the answer to the Service Connected prompt would be yes.				
	To ensure that your site enters the appropriate ICD-9 code it is suggested that the Event Capture staff work with MAS and medical record coding at your site to determine a list of the most likely ICD-9 codes for the DSS Unit's workload.				
	Please Note: Event Capture V. 2.0 prompts the classification questions for outpatients. Future enhancements to Event Capture will prompt the classification questions only when applicable to the veteran (e.g., if the veteran does not claim exposure to Agent Orange, Event Capture will not prompt the Agent Orange Classification). Also, Event Capture will know the veteran's inpatient/outpatient status and not prompt the user to enter it.				
Does Event Capture	Event Capture is not designed to replace Encounter Forms. It is designed to be used in those				
replace Encounter	areas where there is not a suitable method of capturing workload data. Generally, these will				
Forms?	be inpatient work areas or procedure labs or other areas where both inpatients and outpatients				
	are treated during the same session.				
How are patients	If you are sending the workload to PCE, PCE requires that the encounter be checked out. This				
checked out?	is accomplished when the Event Capture filer triggers the immediate background data transfer				
	to PCE. The date/time when this job is run becomes the date/time the encounter is checked				
How do I reassure	Out.				
MAS that workload is	Generating any of the reports noted in the Reports section of this document could do this.				
being passed to PCE?					
being passed to ree!					

Question	Answer			
Which packages send	The following packages send data to PCE:			
data to PCE or DSS	• Surgery			
(or both)?	Laboratory			
	Radiology			
	Scheduling			
Do I need to repeat	• PCE			
this for Event Capture?	You do not need to duplicate this workload by using Event Capture in these areas.			
	The following packages send data to DSS:			
	PIMS (Scheduling, ADT/Registration, and Rug II)			
	• Dental			
	Surgery			
	Quasar			
	Event Capture			
	Outpatient and Inpatient Pharmacy			
	Radiology			
	Laboratory			
	Nursing			
What areas are best	Areas that meet any of the following criteria are best suited to use Event Capture:			
suited to use Event	Any area where there is not already a VistA package in place to capture workload.			
Capture?	 Any area where there is no VistA package suited for capturing workload. Any area where there is VistA data but no feed to DSS. 			
	Some examples:			
	Chaplain Service and Physical Medicine Service do not have VistA packages.			
	Social Work Service has a VistA package, but it is case-based, not workload-based.			
	Medicine Service has a VistA package, but there is no extract for sending data to			
	DSS.			
Who is responsible for	IRM Service is responsible for initially installing the Event Capture software and for			
which portion of Event	installing any patches that are released for Event Capture. Sites should have an Event			
Capture?	Capture application coordinator (ADPAC) who would be responsible for setting up Event			
	Capture for the various services, training the users in those services, and generally			
	monitoring the workload to ensure what is being captured. S/he would work with the			
	service in charge of MAS as well as the individuals within each service using Event			
	Capture.			

Question	Answer				
Question How do I set up the default volume in Event Capture (e.g., for Group Clinic Visits?)	Volume is defined as the number of procedures performed, or the amount of time spent doing the procedure, not number of patients. You can be set a default value for a given product by using the following guidelines: • For number of procedures, volume of 1 = one procedure. • For amount of time, if the procedure code indicates a 30-minute procedure, a volume of 1 would indicate 30 minutes. You can override the default volume during data entry based on site/service preference. Most sites opt to use a value of 1 as the default volume. Scenario 1 - Product = Social Work Group 30 Minute Visit Additional known info: Group is usually 10 patients with one Social Worker 1. Set up default Volume to 1. 2. Change the DSS RVU for the product in the given Feeder Location to be 3 minutes under the Labor Category for Social Worker so that each of the 10 patients in the group will be allowed 3 minutes of Social Worker labor resource. (Usually RVUs should agree with description of their product, but not here. Note: It is best not to spend too much time on RVUs during the first year of working with DSS.) Scenario 2 - Product = Social Work Group 30 Minute Visit Additional known info: Group is usually 10 patients with two Social Workers 1. Set up default Volume to 1. 2. Change the DSS RVU for the product in the given Feeder Location to be 6 minutes under the Labor Category for Social Worker so each of the 10 patients in the group will be allocated 6 minutes (i.e., 3 minutes for each Social Worker). Scenario 3 - Product = Chaplain Individual 10 Minute Visit Additional known info: Session is usually for 30 min. and RVU in DSS for product is for 10 minutes. Do one of the following: 1. Set up default Volume to 1 and override to 3 during data entry (option most often used) 2. Set up default Volume to 1 and change DSS Product Description and RVU to 30 min. (This assumes the 10 minute product will not be needed.)				

Question	Answer		
Why do the steps for setting up Event Capture require the entry of Service, Cost Center, and Medical Specialty? This information is not required during data entry, and doesn't appear on reports, so how is it used by DSS?	These fields were added in early stages of ECS development (requested by field sites, Long Beach and Oklahoma City, and programmed by Birmingham), but are never used in DSS. They may help sort what service to send Event Capture reports to.		
Why is an associated stop code needed for data not sent to PCE?	The DSS Event Capture Extract requires that a DSS Identifier (stop code) be present. For DSS Units that pass workload to PCE, the DSS Identifier is obtained from the Associated Clinic. Workload transmitted to the NPCD (such as that passed to PCE) also requires a DSS Identifier. For DSS Units that do not pass workload to PCE, there was not a way to get the DSS Identifier that is required for the DSS Event Capture Extract. Entering an Associated Stop Code for the DSS Unit meets the requirements of the DSS Event Capture Extract.		
How do you audit inpatient data? Can you compare it to any of the PCE reports?	Probably the best way to audit inpatient data is via a FileMan report. Generate a FileMan Search on the EVENT CAPTURE PATIENT file (#721). Start the search on the Date/Time Field (for your date range), then search for Inpatient/Outpatient equals Inpatient. You can print the date/time of procedure, patient name and any other fields you may wish to print. (HINT: Have a copy of the EVENT CAPTURE PATIENT file [#721] Data Dictionary available).		
How do you audit data if the DSS Unit is set up by classification categories other than inpatient and outpatient? (The inpatient vs. outpatient are totaled together and cannot be differentiated.)	Inpatient data can be audited via the FileMan output noted above in FAQ #12. The Scheduling Outputs described in the Data Validation section can be used to audit outpatient data. Please refer to question #12 for a discussion on auditing inpatient workload.		
Would it be best to give each DSS Unit a separate associated clinic? (For example, DSS Units such as Social Work Inpatient, CNH/Social Work, Homeless Social Work, Primary Care/Other Clinics Social Work, and Residential Care Social Work have the same associated clinic, making it impossible to differentiate their workload.	Probably yes. If you use the same Associated Clinic, the workload is lumped to one DSS Identifier. The Provider/Diagnosis report could be used to generate workload reports for each provider (if the workload is passed to PCE). If you use unique Associated Clinics, you can generate unique workload reports.		

Question	Answer
Scenario: After you have entered data for a month, you run a report and find a gross error. What is the best way to identify and correct the erroneous data? Should a DSS Unit Workload Summary Report be run more frequently than once a month to isolate errors?	The workload reports noted in "Reports to use for Data Validation" section of this document should be generated more often than once a month, as should the Event Capture reports. The only way to correct an error is via the Enter/Edit Patient Procedures option. Corrections made will be reflected in PCE.
What report within Event Capture gives you a unique SSN report?	There are no reports in Event Capture that would give you a report of Unique SSN workload. You might be able to accomplish this via FileMan.
At what point does Event Capture link with DSS?	Data entered into Event Capture links to DSS when the DSS Event Capture Extract is generated and transmitted.
If Event Capture uses a count clinic, and products are also counted, does this provide a double count?	Essentially, this question deals with count vs. non-count clinics. Please refer to Question #1 in this section.
How do I submit an enhancement request (E3R)? How can I determine the status of E3Rs that have already been requested?	An option on FORUM (usually on your secondary menu) provides the ability to enter a new E3R, view existing E3Rs, and generate reports on an E3R. The main option name is Package Enhancement Main Menu (E3R) Option. Select Enter to enter an E3R. If you know the E3R number, you can select View to view the E3R. To find a list of outstanding E3Rs, select the Reports menu, Outstanding E3Rs for a Package option. Enter Event Capture when prompted for the Package Name. You can generate a brief (just the subject) or detailed report.
If an inpatient is scheduled in MAS to a RMS ECS department, and the patient doesn't show for the appointment, is there an ECS procedure (e.g., no-show patient visit) to show that the scheduled inpatient appointment didn't show?	Use ECS local product number one and name it "noshow patient".
How do I track workload separately for multiple clinics with the same stop code?	Create separate DSS Units with the same associated clinic. OR Create separate clinics.
Can I use the spacebar-return functionality to reenter the same ICD-9 code and associated clinic when batch entering patients/procedures?	Yes, but remember that this functionality brings up the last item entered while using the current option. Once you exit the option, you will not be able to recall the item from the last session.

What makes up the PCE Data Feed?

The following is an example of a PCE data feed string in the PCE DATA FEED field (#30) of the EVENT CAPTURE PATIENT file (#721). Each of the components in the string is identified in the table below.

2970507.0947~224~259~500~141~11713~0~0~3~90846~2~0~0~0~CHO72 FAMILY COUNSELING WO PAT, 10 MIN~16~1

PCE Data String Piece	Definition		
2970507.0947	Procedure Date and Time		
224	Pointer to the PATIENT file (#2) and is the Internal Entry Number (IEN)		
	of the patient		
259	Pointer to the HOSPITAL LOCATION file (#44) and is the IEN of the		
	Associated Clinic		
500	Pointer to the INSTITUTION file (#4) and is the IEN of the Location		
	(Institution)		
141	Pointer to the CLINIC STOP file (#40.7) and is the IEN of the DSS		
	Identifier (stop code) of the Associated Clinic		
11713	Pointer to the NEW PERSON file (#200) and is the IEN of the Provider		
0	If Provider #2 were entered, this would be the pointer to the NEW		
	PERSON file (#200) and is the IEN of the Provider #2		
0	If Provider #3 were entered, this would be the pointer to the NEW		
	PERSON file (#200) and is the IEN of the Provider #3		
3	Volume		
90846	Pointer to the CPT file (#81) and is the IEN of the CPT Code. Note that		
	the pointer and the CPT code are the same		
2	Pointer to the ICD-DIAGNOSIS file (#80) and is the IEN of the ICD-9		
	code		
0	Agent Orange Exposure indicator, 0 is NO, 1 is YES		
0	Radiation Exposure indictor, 0 is NO, 1 is YES		
0	Environmental Contaminants Exposure indicator, 0 is NO, 1 is YES		
0	Service-Connected indicator, 0 is NO, 1 is YES		
CHO72 FAMILY	The EC National Procedure name. Note that if the procedure is the CPT		
COUNSELING WO PAT, 10,	code, this is not stored in this piece of the PCE Data Feed.		
MIN			
16	Patient eligibility. Data points to file #8		
0	Military Sexual Trauma indicator, 0 is NO, 1 is YES		

If CPT modifiers are present, this too is fed to PCE. The data is stored in field (#37) of the EVENT CAPTURE PATIENT file (#721). Modifiers point to file (#81.3). Multiple modifiers are separated by semicolons.

This is an example of a modifier string:- 21;24;25

Frequently Asked Questions

Troubleshooting

Problem	Resolution
Event Capture is not passing data to	Ensure that TaskMan is running. (You might have to check with IRM to
PCE	determine this.)

Event Capture Strengths and Weaknesses from a Data Entry Perspective

Strengths	Weaknesses
Easy to use.	Reports need revision to report both outpatient and
	inpatient totals separately.
Easy to edit.	Batch data lost if user makes a data entry mistake.
Can enter workload without making an appointment.	Having to use two applications: Scheduling and Event
	Capture.
Can enter workload anytime 24hours a day.	Unable to report No-shows in Event Capture.
Can enter workload Saturday, Sunday and Holidays.	Does not show SC disabilities of patient when ? as in
	Scheduling.
Some reports were adequate.	Ordering Section report does not give breakdown of all
	ordering sections. Each must be requested separately.
Batch entry of data is excellent functionality.	
Input by providers and backup administrative personnel	
is presented in training.	
Batching of Inpatient and Outpatient workload without	
having to leave the option.	

Troubleshooting / EC Strengths and Weaknesses from a Data Entry Perspective

New Functionality Released With Patch EC*2.0*5

The following new functionality was released with Patch EC*2*5, Event Capture Enhancement. Please refer to the Event Capture V. 2.0 Release Notes for more information about enhancements and modifications to ECS.

- 1. When entering patient procedure information, you are no longer prompted to enter a Provider Type. Instead, the Person Class of the provider is displayed. You can't change the Person Class of the provider from the Event Capture menu options.
- 2. Procedure Reason functionality has been added. This allows sites to track why a procedure was done. Procedure Reasons are locally defined at each site and asked during procedure data entry (depending on the site's parameters). Procedure Reason has been added to several reports.
- 3. During procedure data entry, the procedure lookup functionality has been enhanced to allow you to enter the first few letters of the procedure. The software finds the matches based on your entry and presents the list. Additionally, the use of spacebar-return functionality has been added to allow you to select the same procedure with fewer keystrokes.
- 4. A new option, Multiple Dates/Multiple Procedures Data Entry, allows you to enter multiple dates and multiple procedures for one or more patients. This option is presented in List Manager format and provides flexibility when entering patient procedures.
- 5. Several Event Capture reports have been enhanced, and new reports have been added, as indicated in the following table:

Report Name	New/Enhanced	New/Enhanced Functionality
DSS Unit Workload Summary Report	New	Supports user preferences in selecting
(formerly AMIS Summary-Event Capture)		the DSS Units for which to generate
		the report
Procedure Reasons	New	Permits the user to generate a list of
		the procedures entered, sorted by
		Procedure Reason
Patient Summary – Event Capture	Enhanced	Users can indicate if Procedure
Provider Summary		Reasons are to be included
• Provider (1-3) Summary		
Ordering Section Summary	Enhanced	Provides totals for volume, patient and
		ordering section

New Functionality Released with Patch EC*2.0*5

New Functionality Released With Patch EC*2.0*61

The following new functionality was released with Patch EC*2.0*61, Event Capture Enhancement. Please refer to the Event Capture V. 2.0 Release Notes and User Manual for more information.

1. Check For Duplicate Records

The Spreadsheet checks for duplicate records, based on the Location (Station number), Patient SSN, DSS Unit, and Procedure Date/Time. The duplicate records are displayed below the spreadsheet. When the user-defined threshold of duplicate records is reached, the user is prompted to either continue processing, change the threshold, or abort the transmit process.

- Continue: resets the counter and resumes processing of records.
- Changing the Duplicate Threshold value: The user has the option of changing the Duplicate Threshold default value from 10 to a user-defined number. The Duplicate Threshold value can be changed two ways:
 - 1. Open the "Spreadsheet Options" menu and select the "Change Duplicate Threshold" option, or
 - 2. When the threshold is reached and the 'Duplicate Record Threshold Reached' window is displayed, click the "Change" button.
- Abort: terminates the upload process.

2. New Event Capture Report

A new report option entitled "Records Failing Transmission to PCE Report" was added to the Event Capture Report Menu. This report will assist in locating encounters that have not been sent to PCE. All users will have access to this report.

Example of Records Failing Transmission to PCE Report

ECS RECORDS FAILING TRANSMISSION TO PCE REPORT FROM May 03, 2002 TO May 03, 2002

DATE/TIME LOCATION DSS UNIT	PATIENT PROCEDURE CATEGORY	SSN	PROVIDER(S)	REASONS
5/3/02@12:31 ALBANY CARE MANAGERS	ECPATIENT,ONE RAA10 REHAB - OPEN	2233	ECPROVIDER, FOUR	CPT code missing
5/3/02@12:31 Albany Care Managers	ECPATIENT,ONE RAA10 REHAB - OPEN	2233	ECPROVIDER, FOUR	CPT code missing
5/3/02@12:31 ALBANY CARE MANAGERS	ECPATIENT, ONE RAA10 REHAB - OPEN	2233	ECPROVIDER, FOUR	CPT code missing

New Functionality Released With Patch EC*2.0*95

The following new functionality was released with Event Capture Enhancement Patch EC*2.0*95.

- 1. The Event Capture System (ECS) to Patient Care Encounter (PCE) update has been modified. Only the Event Capture portion of the visit record will be deleted prior to applying the update. This will prevent the inadvertent loss of other visit information, such as Progress Notes or Clinical Reminders.
- 2. The validation of two character last names in the Spreadsheet Upload option has been modified to prevent two character last names from causing the Spreadsheet Upload option to hang. In addition, the messages returned when the name validation fails have been modified.

The following new messages have been added.

Patient last name doesn't match VistA Patient first name doesn't match VistA

The following old messages have been deleted.

First 2 chars of patient last name don't match VistA First 3 chars of patient last name don't match VistA First 4 chars of patient last name don't match VistA First char of patient last name doesn't match VistA

3. Seven Event Capture reports have been modified by adding the following explanatory text to the bottom of each page:

Volume totals may represent either days, minutes or numbers of procedures

The modified reports are as follows.

Patient Summary Report
DSS Unit Workload Summary Report
Provider Summary Report
Ordering Section Summary Report
Provider (1-7) Summary Report
PCE Data Summary Report
DSS Unit Activity Report (new report provided in this patch)

- 4. The Print Category and Procedure Summary (Report) and the Event Code Screens with CPT Codes Report selection screens have been enhanced by adding <ALL> as a Location selection choice. This allows the user to generate the reports for all locations.
- 5. A new report, DSS Unit Activity Report, has been added to list all patients for a specific DSS Unit for a range of dates.
- 6. Modified the Add Event Code Screen by adding the ability to select <ALL> as a Location choice. This will allow the user to add an Event Code Screen for all divisions in a multi-divisional system by only entering the data once.
- 7. Modified the name of Nightly Data Feed to PCE [EC NIGHT] option, changing it to EC Data Feed to PCE [EC PCE FEED] and modified the option description to comply with the CHANGING THE FREQUENCY OF [EC NIGHT] OPTION informational patch EC*2.0*83.
- 8. The process used to transfer Event Capture data to PCE has been modified to allow the user name of the person that created the Event Capture entry to be used as the creator of the PCE Visit entry. The Event Capture filer will now trigger an immediate data transfer to PCE in the background after the Event Capture record is filed. The PCE data transfer will no longer depend on the EC DATA FEED TO PCE [EC PCE FEED] option to transfer the data.

50

Glossary

Associated Stop Code The DSS Identifier (stop code) which most closely

represents the DSS Unit workload

Category provides Event Capture a common level

to group associated procedures. You can define

multiple procedures for each category.

Cost Center reveals which service is using this DSS

Unit. Cost Centers are defined in detail in MP4-Part V, Appendix B of the Fiscal Service cost

manuals.

Count Clinic A clinic for which workload entered is credited

CPT code Current Procedural Terminology code

CPT Modifier CPT modifiers provide the ability to refine CPT

codes to better reflect procedures performed

DSS Unit (Decision Support System Unit)

defines the lowest level segment used for tracking hospital resources. These units can be a small work unit within a service or a large division within a service. Management at each facility is responsible for tailoring the DSS Units to fit its resource/cost

reporting.

DSS Unit Number This code is used for additional identification of

DSS Units

Event Capture Software designed to provide management tools

necessary in tracking procedures not entered in

other VistA packages

Glossary

Event Code Screen Event code screens are unique combinations of

location, DSS Unit, category, and procedure that

define patient procedures

ICD-9 International Classification of Diseases (of the

World Health Organization) codes

Intermediate Product (IP) A resource utilization entity in DSS designated by

Feeder Location/Feeder Key combination for a labor and/or supply resource used for patient care. Examples: CBC, chest x-ray, EEG, EKG, Nurse

hour, MD bed day.

Location Initializing your site as a location, the Event

Capture software will recognize your facility as a

valid location to enter Event Capture data

MAS Medical Administration Service which is now

Patient Information Management System (PIMS)

MST Military Sexual Trauma - veterans who have been

victims of physical assault or battery of a sexual nature, or sexual harassment while serving on active

duty

MST Status A status assigned to a patient that indicates his/her

report of MST

Non-count Clinic A clinic for which there is no workload credited

NPCD National Patient Care Database residing at the

Austin Information Technology Center (AITC)

Ordering Section The medical section actually ordering the patient's

procedure

Parent Service The controlling service for a DSS Unit

PCE Patient Care Encounter

PIMS Patient Information Management System, formerly

Medical Administration Service (MAS)

Procedure A specific function performed on, or service

provided to, a patient. Multiple procedures can be

associated with a single category.

Procedure Reason A method of generically grouping patient

procedures

Provider The actual provider of care performing the

procedure. This provider can be a doctor, nurse, technician, or any designated team of medical

professionals.

Quasar A VistA package historically used to capture Speech

and Audiology data. ECQ is the DSS extract program used to read that data and send it to DSS. The same format as for the ECS extract for DSS is used. A&SP

Office and DSS recommend that Speech and

Audiology use Event Capture instead of Quasar to initially capture their data because ECS allows for Division and can send data to PCE, whereas Quasar does not have these capabilities at this time. ECS also gives much more specific A&SP products

(ICD10 A&SP product entities).

Glossary

RVU

Relative Value Unit - RVUs are used only in DSS in the VHA and reflect the relative value between products in a DSS Dept. (i.e., in a production unit). They are used to distribute labor minutes or supply/equipment dollars between products in a production unit. RVUs in DSS can be assigned for Variable Labor Categories for Technicians, RNs, and MDs, as well as for supplies. Three elements interrelate in DSS to give a final cost assigned when a product is used:

- 1) the product definition
- 2) the RVUs for the single product
- 3) the volume of the product

NOTE: RVUs are NOT to be confused with Weighted Work Units (WWUs). WWUs are used by the VA in RPM/VERA or AMIS, and are dollar factors used to multiply workload by.

Volume is associated with the number of procedures performed. This field can also be used to track time actually spent performing the procedures.

Veterans Health Information Systems and Technology Architecture

Volume

VistA